

TYPES OF MOTOR STARTERS

A motor starters in its simplest form consists of some means of connecting and disconnecting the motor loads from the power line plus overload protection of the motor. Two types

- Manual
- Automatic

Manual Motor Starter

depend upon the operator closing the line contacts by pushing a button or moving a lever which is physically linked to contacts in some manner.

The chief disadvantage is the lack of flexibility of control must be operated from the starter location Three types for ac motor

- Thermal switch for very small single-phase motors
- size 0 / size 1 manual across the line for 1 and 3 phase IM
- manual reduced-voltage starter for large motors
- For dc motors :
- Three terminal starters
- Four terminal starters



Automatic Motor Starter

also known as magnetic starter

operate motors from a remote location or to operate motors automatically in response to a signal from a thermostat, a pressure float switch, a limit switch or other sensing devices

consists of a magnetic contactor with the addition of over load protection

Advantages:

- unlimited control flexibility
- dependable
- long life
- reasonable maintenance



PILOT DEVICES

A primary control device is one which connects the load to the line, such as a motor starter, whether it is manual or automatic

Pilot control devices are those which control or modulate the primary control devices.

There may be many pilot devices used in parallel and series combinations to control the function of start and stop performed by the primary control device.

- Push Buttons
- Pressure Switches and Regulators
- Float Switches
- Flow Switches
- Limit Switches
- Proximity Switches
- Temperature Switches

Pressure Switches and Regulators

- Any industrial application which has a pressure sensing requirement can use a pressure switch
- welding equipment, machine tools, high pressure lubricating systems, and motor-driven pumps and air compressors
- Pressure regulators provide accurate control of pressure or vacuum conditions for systems.
- used as pilot control devices with magnetic starters,
- to control liquid pump or air compressor motors





Flow Switches

- A flow switch is a device which can be inserted in a pipe so that when liquid or air flows against a part of the device called a paddle, a switch is activated
- This switch either closes or opens a set of electrical contacts.
- The contacts may be connected to energize motor starter coils, relays, or indicating lights.





Limit Switches

- The limit switch is used to convert this mechanical motion into an electrical signal to switch circuits
- operation of a limit switch begins when the moving machine or moving part of a machine strikes an operating lever which actuates the switch.
- used as pilot devices in the control circuits of magnetic starters to start, stop, speed up, slow down or reverse electric motors



Proximity Switches

Can be switched by a nearby or passing object No physical contact is necessary **Types**

- Capacity Proximity Sensor
 - designed to detect both metallic and nonmetallic targets.
- Solid-State Proximity Switches
- Inductive Proximity Sensors
 - designed to detect the presence of all metals without making contact.
 - operates on the eddy current principle
 - Used
 - to detect metal objects through nonmetal barriers
 - where metal objects must be differentiated from nonmetal objects
 - for counting

Temperature Switches

- designed to provide automatic control of temperature regulating equipment.
- used to control circuits in order to operate heaters, blowers, fans, solenoid valves, pumps, and other devices

Solid-State Temperature Control Systems

- designed with three high-accuracy thermistor temperature sensors.
- sensors transmit the internal coil temperatures to a microprocessor (minicomputer)
- The temperature will be displayed in degrees on the front panel of the control module
- The processor will give the signal to switch the contacts.
- can be used to protect three-phase transformer coils from overheating.

