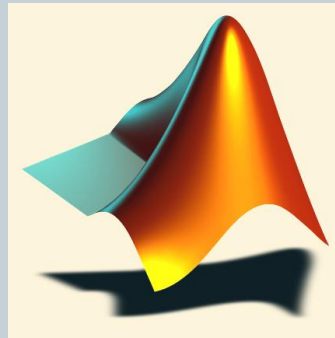


Lecture Series – 5

# M File Script and Function

1



by

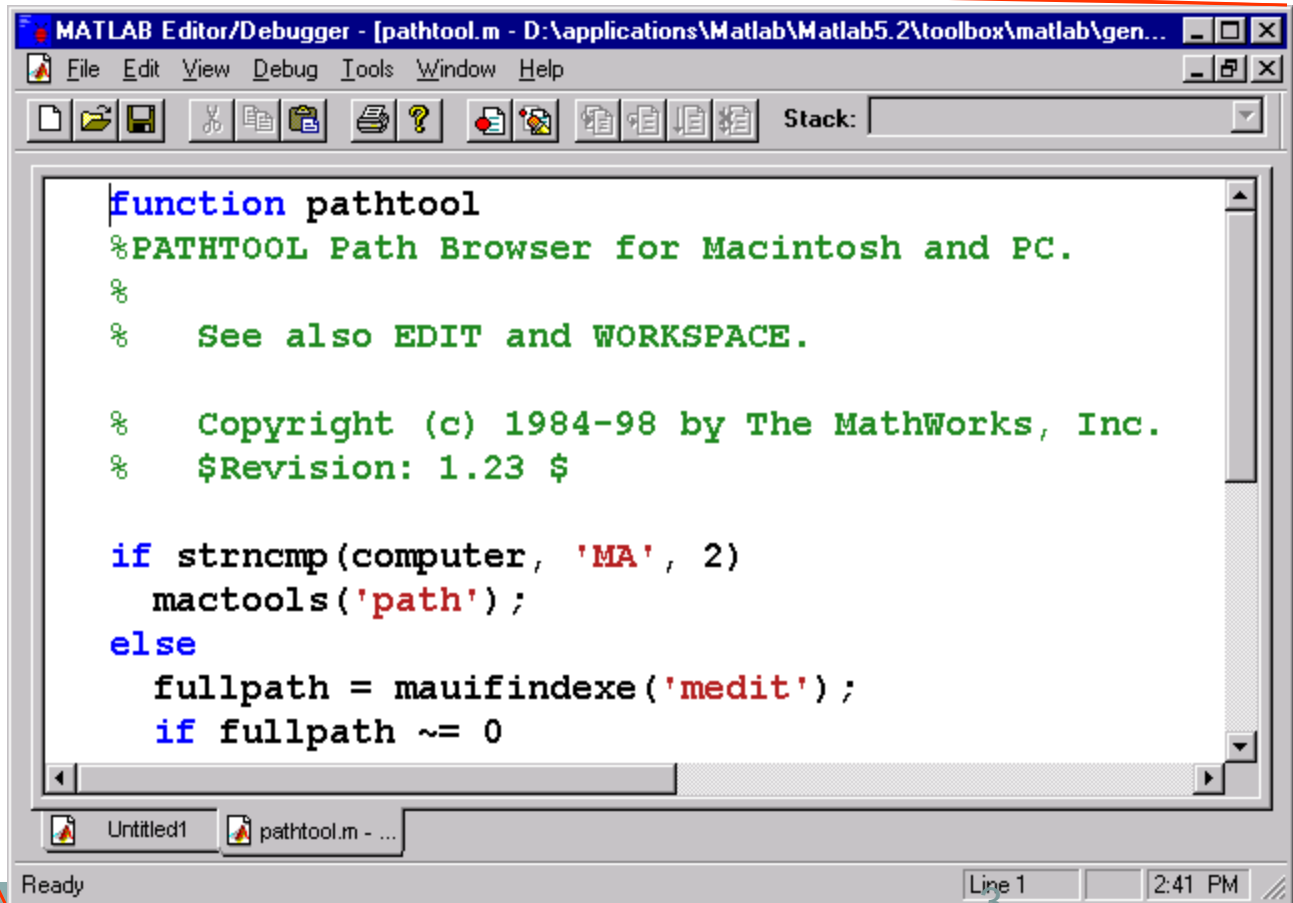
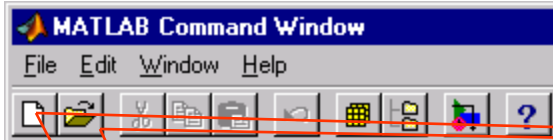
*Shameer Koya*

# Files used in MATLAB

2

- **.m files**
  - Both functions and scripts are stored in .m files
- **.mat files**
  - The MATLAB workspace (or specific variables) can be saved in .mat files
  - These files are easy to save and load, and MATLAB accessing them is very efficient
- **.fig files (*next week*)**
  - Plots can be saved in .fig files, and then the figure can be edited without reloading data

# MATLAB Editor/Debugger



# .m files

4

- Code can be saved in .m files and run in the command window – exact implementation depends on whether the code is a **function** or a **script**

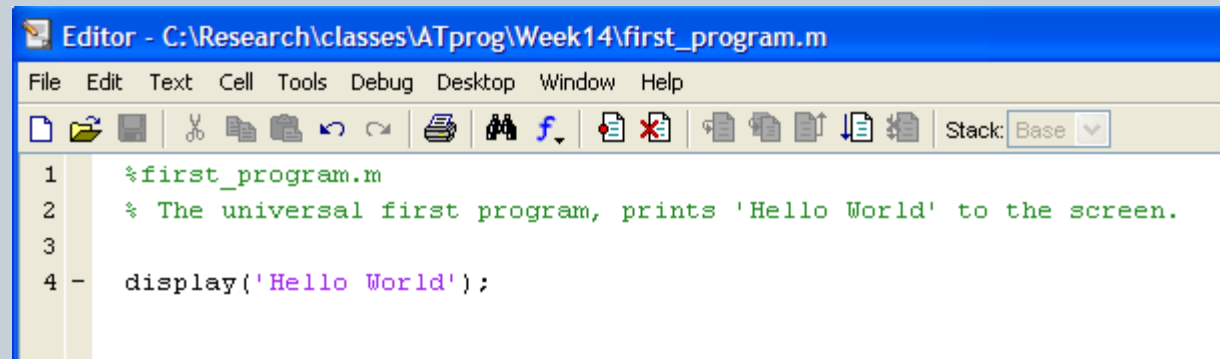
# Script

5

- Simplest kind of m-file
- Type up a bunch of commands and save as *filename.m*
- Type *filename* in command window to run
- Example: `first_program.m`

Command Window

```
>> first_program  
Hello World  
>>
```



The screenshot shows the MATLAB Editor window for the file `C:\Research\classes\ATprog\Week14\first_program.m`. The menu bar includes File, Edit, Text, Cell, Tools, Debug, Desktop, Window, and Help. The toolbar contains icons for file operations and editing. The code in the editor is as follows:

```
1 %first_program.m  
2 % The universal first program, prints 'Hello World' to the screen.  
3  
4 - display('Hello World');
```

# Function

6

- Functions are more complex than scripts
- Functions have their own local variables
- Functions return output as specified, and can accept input as specified

# Commenting

7

- Comment your code!
- Any line starting with % is a comment
- Comments can be added to the end of existing lines by adding a %
  - Note that anything after % will be ignored
- In editor screen comments are green
- Any comments written at the beginning of an m-file will be displayed by the command `help filename`

# Flow control

8

- Conditional control – if, else, switch
- Loop control – for, while, continue, break
- Program termination – return



# Conditional control – if, else, elseif

9

*if test statement  
statements*

*elseif test statement  
statements*

*else  
statements*

*end*

Note that ==, ~=, >, <  
are all scalar tests.

```
if I == J
    A(I,J) = 2;
elseif abs(I-J) == 1
    A(I,J) = -1;
else
    A(I,J) = 0;
end
```

# Loop control – for, while

10

```
for varname = min:max  
    statements  
end
```

```
while condition is true  
    statements  
end
```

```
N=10;  
for I = 1:N  
    for J = 1:N  
        A(I,J) = 1/(I+J-1);  
    end  
end
```

```
I=1; N=10;  
while I<=N  
    J=1;  
    while J<=N  
        A(I,J)=1/(I+J-1);  
        J=J+1;  
    end  
    I=I+1;  
end
```

# MATLAB Examples

11

- Find the number of positive numbers in a vector

```
x = input( 'Enter a vector: ' );  
count = 0;  
for ii = 1:length(x),  
    if ( x(ii) > 0 ),  
        count = count + 1;  
    end  
end  
fprintf('Number of positive numbers is %d\n', count);
```

# MATLAB Examples

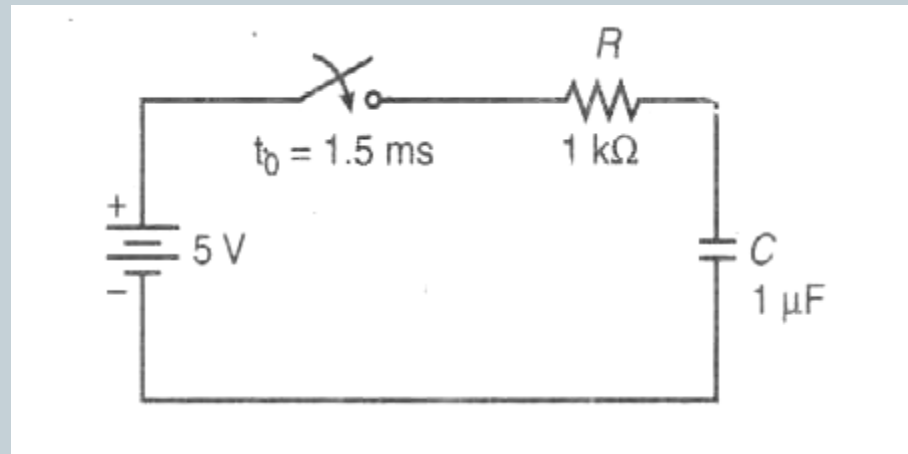
12

- Program to find grade from the mark
  - `s=input('Enter the Mark: '); % enter the mark`
  - `if s >= 90`
  - `disp ('Grade: A');`
  - `elseif s >= 80`
  - `disp ('Grade: B');`
  - `elseif s >= 70`
  - `disp ('Grade: C');`
  - `elseif s >= 60`
  - `disp ('Grade: D');`
  - `else`
  - `disp ('Grade: F');`
  - `end`

# MATLAB Examples

13

Plot the switching response of a given RC circuit



$$V_c(t) = \begin{cases} V_{ci} & \text{for } 0 \leq t \leq 1.5 \text{ ms} \\ V_{cf} + (V_{ci} - V_{cf})e^{-(t-t_0)/RC} & \text{for } t \geq 1.5 \text{ ms} \end{cases}$$

- Where  $V_{ci}$  is the initial capacitor voltage;  $V_{cf}$  is the voltage the capacitor will reach if it charges for an infinite amount of time.

# MATLAB Examples

14

Plot the switching response of a given RC circuit

```
Vci = input('Enter initial capacitor voltage, Vci: ');
Vcf = input('Enter Final capacitor voltage, Vcf: ');
R = input('Enter Resistance value, R: ');
C = input('Enter Capacitance value, C: ');
to = input('Enter Switching time, to: ');
tf = input('Enter Simulation end time, tf: ');
t=linspace(0,tf,1000);
Vc=zeros(1,1000);
for i=1:1000
    if t(i)<to
        Vc(i)=Vci;
    else Vc(i)=Vcf+(Vci-Vcf)*exp(-(t(i)-to)/(R*C));
    end
end
```

```
plot(t*1000,Vc);
title('RC Step Response')
ylabel('Capacitor voltage')
xlabel('time in msec')
grid on
```

# MATLAB Examples

15

- Find the index of the largest number in a vector

```
x = input( 'Enter a vector: ' );
max_value = x(1);
max_index = 1;
for ii = 2:length(x),
    if ( x(ii) > max_value ),
        max_value = x(ii);
        max_index = ii;
    end
end
fprintf( 'Max value is %d\n', max_value );
fprintf( 'Its index is %d\n', max_index );
```

- What if the max value occurs more than once?

- Write program to find step response of RL circuit
- Program to make p w m signals



# Thanks

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Questions ??